

THE HAWAIIAN STAR.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON
EXCEPT SUNDAY
BY THE HAWAIIAN STAR NEWSPAPER
COMPANY, Ltd.

WALTER G. SMITH, Managing Editor,
CHAS. W. DAY, Business Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
Per Year in Advance, \$6.00
Per Month in Advance, .50
Foreign, per Year in Advance, 10.00

ADVERTISING RATES:
Rates for transient and regular advertising
may be obtained at the publication office,
Bell Telephone Number 237, Mutual 365

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 20, 1893.

THE DEMAGOGY OF DAVIES.

Theo. H. Davies agrees with that other British hair-splitter, the Right Reverend Alfred Willis, in the amazing notion that a government ordained by force has no legal status until its tenure has been approved by the votes of those whose disastrous rule it had been organized to supplant. According to these doctrinaires Mr. Dole and his associates can make no legal tender of these Islands to the United States until the Hawaiian nation, otherwise the aborigines, have passed upon the offer at the polls. "Hawaii cannot forego her sovereignty without a ballot" is a proposition which Mr. Davies treats through the tedious columns of an article that answers the mathematical definition of a line—length without breadth. One can but wonder why so large a draught should have been made on the mother tongue to support so puerile and trifling a postulate. Assuredly Mr. Davies has wasted his time in as great a degree as he has his readers' patience.

Is Mr. Davies prepared to assert that his own Government has no legal rights in India? Eighty thousand Britishers control 200,000,000 people there. Was not force used to establish this minority rule in the interests of Anglo-Saxon civilization? Was a plebiscite ever held in India to find out what the native inhabitants desired? Could not England legally dispose of Indian territory in any way that she might deem fitting?

Again, what of Canada? Did not Englishmen seize a large portion of it from the French? When the tri-color was pulled down and the Union Jack hoisted was a ballot taken? Did the thousands and tens of thousands of Frenchmen on Canadian soil have any thing to say as to the form of national jurisdiction among themselves? If not, then the original British occupation was in defiance of morality, justice and law and should have been held in abeyance to wait a representative test. In spite of this, however, Great Britain has always claimed a perfect title to Canada by virtue of her success at war. *Inter arma silent leges.*

There is the current example of Egypt, a country which, though keeping up the pretence of native or Oriental rule, is occupied by British troops and coerced by a British commissioner. Has any plebiscite been held to determine whether England should stay or go? Not at all. And the legal title of the British Empire to the soil it holds is not impaired by that omission, the world having acknowledged the fact from immemorial times that a civilized government that can defend what it has acquired, from domestic insurrection, is a legal government no matter whether it had gained control by conquest, seizure or revolution. And of all non-elective titles, that conferred by revolution is the most valid. It is what gave 3,000,000 people of the British Empire the right to rise against many times that number and sever the American colonies from the crown. It has, within three years past, empowered Jorge Montt and his minority party in Chile to ruin the constitutional government of Balmaceda, overturn and deport Claudio Vicuña, who had just been elected President of the republic by a popular vote, and form a new regime, unsupported by the ballot, but which, none the less on that account, has been recognized by all the world.

That the right of the winners of a revolution to hold or dispose of their gains should be referred to the ballot of the losers in the same contest, particularly where the losers are aborigines, would be too much like a comic turn in a Gilbert and Sullivan opera to pass muster among statesmen, politicians and historical students. When and where has any civilized government asserted such a principle? We should like to hear from Mr. Davies on this point.

Turning from the sophistry and persiflage of the Davies argument it is but fair to dwell for a moment on the Davies motive. The revolution of 1893 was the death knell of our critic's private ambitions, and this may fairly account for his public fears. Kaiulani, heiress to the ex-throne, is this Englishman's ward and pupil. Should she come to the crown, Mr. Davies would play Warwick to her

sovereignty, and British influences would direct the Hawaiian course. It is even said that the kin of Mr. Davies would be the Prince Consort. Herein is an imperious incentive to say and do all that can be said and done to break down the Provisional Government and its cause. For such an effort we cannot blame the guardian himself because he who does not provide for his own family is worse than the infidel. Yet, withal, it must be a matter of regret to Mr. Davies in his lucid moments that he has to wear the cap and bells on his leg to draw public notice away from the workings of his self-interest.

STILL FOOLING THE NATIVES.

What a pity it is that the natives should permit themselves to be deluded once more by the shallow talk about the United States enforcing an aboriginal plebiscite on these Islands to determine whether or not the monarchy shall be restored. The men who tell them this weird tale know very well that such a plan is absurd on its face, and that it could not be carried out except by violating the law of nations, transcending the powers conferred by the Constitution upon the President and Congress, and by declaring war upon a Government whose independence has been acknowledged. They have no hope of such a consummation, but they pretend to have and thus they manage to hold the majority of the natives in a monarchist line behind which they can crouch and conceal their anti-American strategy.

Fortunately in a very few days, or a month at the farthest, this Royalist jig will be up. By that time we shall have, no doubt, an authoritative expression of Mr. Cleveland's views; and that this will be in strict accord with the constitutional methods and principles of the United States there can be no doubt. The executive may oppose the annexation programme but he will not attempt, nor try to induce the Senate to second, any drastic procedure, affecting the internal politics of a foreign power, and without a precedent in American law or statesmanship. No one but a simpleton can look for anything at his hands such as is proposed for him by the Royalists. A country which does not submit the national independence of its own aborigines to a ballot is not going to make war to secure a governing privilege for the aborigines who are subject to a foreign and friendly State. To state such a theory is to refute it without further words.

A GREAT deal of drunkenness is caused when a China steamer comes in port by the sale of cheap gin to natives by Chinese in the fore-castle. A bowlful is disposed of for a dime, whereas there is a day and night of disorder and any number of arrests. The Government should have a policeman at hand when the next Oriental liner docks and put a stop to the trouble-some and illicit traffic.

THE tree-planting public will find something to interest it in the STAR's article on the Government nursery, a feature of which is a list of all the trees which are on hand to be given away for dooryard purposes. From this catalogue a good selection may be made without the trouble of personal inquiry and comparison of growths and species.

ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON is with us again and is a welcome and distinguished guest. His previous visit is well-remembered and all of his admirers here regret that his stay on the Islands promises to be so brief.

As we said before, it is a pity that the Boston cannot have a suitable send-off.

Put a nickle in the slot and see "Makee Aupuni" flap his ears.

A MISSIONARY'S VIEWS.

No Probability of a Successful Revolution.

Concerning the advices from Honolulu of an unsuccessful attempt by sympathizers of the deposed Queen to inaugurate a revolt against the Provisional Government, O. P. Emerson, corresponding secretary of the Hawaiian Evangelical Association, and his brother, J. S. Emerson, who was connected with her Majesty's Government Surveying Department, had this to say yesterday to a Call reporter:

"It may with perfect safety be said that any attempt to overthrow the Provisional Government would meet with ignominious defeat. While we, as native Hawaiians, would be pleased to have our deposed Queen provided for, we do not desire to return to a monarchial form of government. The better class—that is, the more enlightened residents of Hawaii—feel as I say about the matter."

"Still, you must remember that the Hawaiian Islands are quite cosmopolitan, and the royalist and Provisional Government factions divide the population pretty evenly. The Provisional Government sympathizers excel greatly, however, in learning, and that will decide the matter in the long run. Out

of a total population on the Hawaiian Islands of 90,000, counting men, women and children, the Japanese number 20,000, the Chinese 15,000 and the Portuguese 12,000. The remaining 43,000 are Hawaiian, American, English, German and other nationalities.

"The 15,000 Chinese and 20,000 Japanese are practically unanimous in one thing, which renders the outcome somewhat uncertain, they are desirous of making all the trouble they can for the Government of the United States. They will throw every obstacle they can in the way of a protectorate by your country. In the work of the Evangelical Association, which, by the way, has about 100 churches scattered over the islands, we often have to contend with this inclination of the Chinese and Japanese residents to stir up trouble against the Provisional Government."

"In several instances native Hawaiian ministers of our association, who were indiscreet enough to affirm their love for the Americans, who they said gave the Hawaiians everything worth living for, including the Christian religion, and who at the same time rashly denounced the frailties of the deposed Queen, were locked out of their own churches, and compelled to seek the aid of the native officers. Then, when it came to trying this malefactor, we found that the Chinese and Japanese were contributing regularly to a fund which was used to obtain the services of native attorneys, and when fines were imposed the money to pay them came from the pockets of the Chinese and Japanese."

"And these are the people, in all probability, who are stirring the natives to revolt. The Provisional Government has a standing army of two hundred thoroughly disciplined men, and this number can be increased at an hour's notice a hundredfold, by the summoning of what are called minutemen. So you see the Provisional Government is safe."

"As to the financial situation, everything is quiet, and while business is not brisk the Islands are remarkably prosperous, considering the uncertainty of affairs."

"Of course the opinion of prominent Hawaiians is that the United States should establish a protectorate over the Islands and the more enlightened believe this will be done. If it is not done, however, the representative Hawaiians have made up their mind that they will not submit again to monarchial rule and they will nip in the bud any measure which promises such a result. The Provisional Government will stand till a protectorate is established—and may that time soon come."

Foreign Notes of Real Interest.

Jane Cakebread has made her 261st appearance before a London magistrate for her single offence, intoxication and bad language.

Germany has changed the dress of hotel waiters to a short jacket like that of a ship's steward, and Switzerland is soon to follow suit.

Verdi is writing another opera and has invited the Italian singer, Emma Bellincioni, to create the leading role. "Your youth and beauty," said Verdi, at his first meeting with her, "will compensate for all the faults and failings in the composition of my old age."

A short time before Dr. Charcot died he said in a lecture that semi-scientists had for more than fifty years ridiculed the idea that the full of the moon was a dangerous time for mad people. Better informed men are coming back to that old-time notion, said Dr. Charcot, as the result of increased learning on the subject of earth tides, similar to the oscillation of sea tides.

According to the *Lokalanzeiger* of Berlin, Emperor William will give a grand banquet in Metz at the close of the military maneuvers in Lorraine. He is expected to make a great speech on that occasion. The refusal of the French officers to be present at the maneuvers has given rise to considerable comment of a bitter character in some of the German papers, and the visit of the Prince of Naples to Lorraine offends the French and has already stirred up the Italians.

The Pope has established a new rule for the Benedictine order by appointing an Abbot Primate. Among the Benedictines the several congregations have each possessed an absolute autonomy, and the individual abbots who are associated in a congregation have enjoyed almost the same power. The order will thus be brought more into touch with the Vatican, although the new Primate is appointed as the result of a conference held in Rome last April by all the abbots and presidents of the various congregations throughout the world. The first Primate is the Abbot of Maredsous of the new Pontifical College of St. Anselm at Rome, a structure now being built on the Aventine.

After the excitement caused in Italy by the unfortunate affair at Agnes-Mortes one might be led to believe that Italy was actuated by a feeling of hatred toward France, and that Germany was her own true love. But, after all, this is not all true. There are plenty of Italians who detest the Germans, curse the Triple Alliance and glory in the French republic.

The *Gazette Piemontaise*, the *Secolo* of Milan, and a few other Italian journals of influence condemn the visit of the Italian Prince to William II. on the present occasion as a gratuitous insult to France. After referring to the evils which the Triple Alliance has brought upon Italy, the *Secolo* says: "And to complete our ruin our rulers wantonly wound France in her most delicate sentiments, the country that alone can aid us in our distress. But William II. commands and Italy obeys. Of course it will be said that the visit of the Prince of Naples is a simple act of courtesy, especially as the Emperor came to the silver wedding at Rome. But the two visits have a very different

character. William came to a peaceful feast, while the Prince of Naples goes to an imperial military display upon contested territory, and recalling the horrors of a wretched war. It is a wanton insult to the sister nation that shed her blood for our independence."

New Steamship Line.

Advices from Corvallis, Oregon, August 31st, state that from good sources it is learned here to-day that the Oregon Pacific Railroad is to put on two steamships between Yaquina and Honolulu. The steamers will be not less than 2000 tons capacity and are to have good passenger accommodations. The scheme has been on foot for two months and has practically matured. The outward cargo will be wood specialties and other classes of freight. The inward cargo has been arranged for and will pay the company handsomely. The officers of the Oregon Pacific would say nothing upon the subject, one way or the other, only that nothing was impossible nowadays. At all events there is a great deal more to the matter than fiction.—*Commercial News.*

A sister of the Clair who attended the royal wedding in London recently gave out the unsought information that the liking for English and French ideas and customs, which has hitherto pervaded Russian society and been held as a sign of intellectual culture, has given way to an inclination toward American views. American women are sought as nurses and governesses, and the favorite theaters bring forth American pieces, while in St. Petersburg one of the most successful modistes is a New York woman by the name of Smith.

BY AUTHORITY.

SEALED TENDERS.

Sealed Tenders will be received at office of the Minister of the Interior till 12 o'clock noon on WEDNESDAY, September 20th, 1893, for lumber for construction of new wharves, Honolulu. Specifications can be seen at the office of Superintendent of Public Works. All Tenders must be endorsed "Tender for Lumber."

The Minister of the Interior does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any bid.

J. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, Sept. 14th, 1893. 146-31

The time for receiving the above Tenders has been extended until WEDNESDAY, November 1st, 1893, at the same hour and place.

J. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior.
147-41

SEALED TENDERS.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Interior Office until TUESDAY, October 31st, at 12 o'clock noon, for furnishing supplies of Steam coal for all Government purposes, to be delivered in quantities as required, between November 1st and March 31st, 1894.

Information as to probable requirements will be furnished upon application to the Office of the Superintendent of Public Works. Coal to be subject to the inspection and approval of the Superintendent of Public Works.

All Tenders must be endorsed "Tender for Coal."

The Minister of the Interior does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any bid.

J. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, Sept. 16, 1893. 147-31

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL,
Honolulu, Sept. 15th, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have this day been appointed members of the BOARD OF PRISON INSPECTORS, namely:

J. A. KENNEDY Esquire,
J. A. MAGOON Esquire,
C. P. LAUKEA Esquire.

WILLIAM O. SMITH,
(Approved) Attorney-General,
F. M. HATCH, Acting Minister Foreign Affairs.

J. A. KING, Minister Interior.
S. M. DAMON, Minister Finance.
147-31

TENDERS FOR DRUGS AND MEDICAL SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH,
Honolulu, Sept. 13th, 1893.

Sealed Tenders will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, September 27, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, for supplying Drugs and Medical Supplies to all Government District Physicians, Hospitals and Dispensaries under control of the Board of Health for the term of one year from October 1st, 1893.

A list of the Drugs and Medical Supplies can be procured on application at this office. The articles to be furnished must be of the very best quality only, and should be up to the requirements of the Pharmacopoeia of the United States of America unless otherwise ordered.

The Board does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any bid.

WILLIAM O. SMITH,
President of the Board of Health.
145-61

IRRIGATION NOTICE.

Owing to the drought and scarcity of water, the irrigation hours are hereby suspended until further notice.

All persons (regarding the above notice) are liable to have their privileges cut off without further notice.

ANDREW BROWN,
Superintendent Honolulu Water Works.
Honolulu, H. I., Aug. 30, 1893. 133-11

WATER NOTICE.

Owing to the drought and scarcity of water, the residents above Judd Street are requested to collect what water they may require for household purposes before 8 o'clock A.M.

ANDREW BROWN,
Supt. Honolulu Water Works.
107-11

General Advertisements.

IT IS EASY
TO BRAG

but decidedly of more value to have Your Work speak for itself.

We base our claim upon the actual Results obtained in the past, in the correction of all visual defects, no matter how complicated.

We grind lenses specially needed for complicated cases, insuring an absolute fit.

Is this of any value to you, or do you prefer buying your Glasses at haphazard, not knowing if they help or injure your eyes.

Would you give your eye sight for all you possess? Not if you know it. Then give them proper care while you have them; and when you feel they need attention, always consult

H. F. WICHMAN

SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN.
517 Fort Street.

L. H. DEE,

—JOBBER OF—

Wines, Spirits and Beers

HOTEL STREET,
Between Fort and Bethel Streets

Aim at the Drake

And you are bound to hit some of the ducks. This is precisely the same with

Wampole's
Tasteless
Preparation

OF

Cod Liver Oil.

It aims to cure Consumption, Hits the Mark, too, and it most effectually breaks up Colds, Coughs, Hoarseness and all Throat and Lung troubles that cause this disease.

It is natural logic to conclude that if WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION OF COD LIVER OIL has power to prevent Consumption, it surely is able to cure these lesser emergencies.

This vigor-making, fat producing preparation is Absolutely Tasteless, in so far as Cod Liver Oil is concerned. All you notice is a delightful flavor of Wild Cherry and Anise.

But the purest Norwegian Cod Liver Oil is there all the same. It is a great blood enricher. Best of all it is a natural food that in its stomachic effects, actually assists its own assimilation.

In Pulmonary or Bronchia troubles it is unequalled. No one doubts the value of Cod Liver Oil, but not every one is able to take it.

WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION

removes the nauseous objection and actually makes Cod Liver Oil palatable.

KEPT IN STOCK AND SOLD BY

HOLLISTER & Co.

Druggists.

109 FORT STREET, HONOLULU.

Club Stables Co.

S. F. GRAHAM, MANAGER.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

FORT STREET, BETWEEN HOTEL AND BERETANIA.

BOTH TELEPHONES No. 477.

Connected with Hack Stand

Corner King and Bethel Sts.

BOTH TELEPHONES, No. 113

Native Fans and Island

Curios,

IN GREAT VARIETY AT THE

"Elite" Ice Cream Parlors

General Advertisements.

The Hawaiian News Co. Ltd
STATIONERS,

News and Music Dealers,

25 AND 27 MERCHANT STREET, KEEP ON HAND

A Superior Assortment of Goods—Blank Books, all kinds; Memorandum Books, in great variety

PIANOS, GUITARS, MANDOLINS,

Sheet Music—Subscriptions Received for any Periodical Published.

—AGENTS FOR—

Klinkner's Red Rubber Stamp and Yost Type Writer.

New Furniture Store,

ROBINSON BLOCK.

Hotel Street, between Fort and Nuuanu Sts.

Is now opened for business, and has in stock the finest assortment of

ANTIQUE OAK BED ROOM SETS,
CHIFFONNIERS, SIDEBORDS,
EXTENSION TABLES, Etc.

ALSO a fine assortment of

Reed and Rattan Furniture.

UPHOLSTERY.

Fine Spring, Hair, Wool, Moss and Straw Mattresses; Live Geese Feathers and Silk Filling for Pillows. Special attention called to our latest style of WIRE MATTRESSES, the best and cheapest ever brought to this country. Fine Lounge and Sofa Beds, at San Francisco prices. Complete assortment of Baby Carriages, Crib, Cradles, and High Chairs.

Cornice Poles in Wood or Brass Trimmings.

We make a specialty of Laying Matting and Interior decorating.

Furniture and Mattresses Repaired by First-Class Workmen.

Cabinet Making in all its Branches

A trial is solicited. Lowest Prices Prevail.

ORDWAY & PORTER,

Robinson Block, Hotel Street.

91 ft BELL, 525. TELEPHONES. MUTUAL 645.

Genuine Clearance Sale!

All Goods in our Large and Varied Stock Marked Down to the Lowest Prices.

EGAN & GUNN.

514 Fort Street.

Call and see the bargains we are offering.

EQUITABLE

Life Assurance Society of the United States

Offers Insurance on all the Popular Plans, viz:

Ordinary Life Plan,	Tontine Instalment Plan (NEW, CHEAP and ATTRACTIVE),
Endowment Plan,	Joint Life Risks,
Semi Tontine Plan,	Partnership Insurance,
Free Tontine Plan,	Children's Endowments,
Indemnity Bond Plan (Coupon Bond at maturity, if desired),	Annuities,
Endowment Bond Plan (5% guaranteed)	Term Insurance, etc., etc.

It will cost you nothing to call at the office of the undersigned, and make further inquiries. Should you conclude to insure, it will be money in your pocket.

Bruce & A. J. Cartwright,

Managers for the Hawaiian Islands EQUITABLE Life Assurance Society of U.S.

CHILDREN AND INFANTS'

Hats and Bonnets.

—Immense Variety at—

N. S. SACHS,

104 Fort Street - Honolulu.

CHILDREN'S CAMBRIC HATS, all colors, 50 cents and upwards; Lace-trimmed MULL

HATS, in delicate shades, from \$1.75 upwards.

CHILDREN'S SILK HATS, POKES and BONNETS.

CHILDREN'S LACE HATS and LEGHORN FLATS.

INFANTS' LACE BONNETS, Infants' MULL BONNETS from 50 cents and upwards.

SUN BONNETS in great variety at 25 cents and upwards.

OF A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CHILDREN'S WHITE DRESSES, neatly made at 50, 75 cents and upwards.

CHILDREN'S Silk and Cashmere COATS and WRAPS. Infants' Complete outfit.

ENTERPRISE PLANING MILL.

PETER HIGH, - - - Proprietor.

OFFICE AND MILL,

On Alakea and Richards near Queen Street, - Honolulu, H.I.

MOULDINGS,

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Screens, Frames, Etc.

TURNED AND SAWED WORK.

Prompt attention to all orders.

TELEPHONES:

Mutual 55. Bell 498.